

WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 19. 1743.

Since our last arrived a Mail from Flanders.

Rome, October 7.



E only wait for the Nuncio's Report who is at the Court of Naples, that the Facts really are as in the Letters from that City we find them reported, in order to open our Correspondence, as usual, with that State. The Abbe Joseph Morel, lately elected Chief of the Academy of the Arcades, for which Honour there were many Competitors, the Holiness, to prevent Disturbance, deputed Card. Paffionei to preside at that Election; and he took Care to reduce the Number of Electors to 200, all whose Votes were, in a manner, united in favour of the new Chief, who succeeds the celebrated Abbe Lorenzini, one of the most learned and most worthy Men in Italy. We begin to imagine, that the English left our Coast as soon as they had Notice that the Spanish Convoy was on the Road to Civita Castellana, from a Supposition, that it must inevitably fall into the Hands of the Austrians, as it is very like it will.

Naples, October 1. All last Week the Queen was troubled with a terrible St. Anthony's Fire; which, however, has not been attended with any bad Consequences. Our Troops continue to assemble, and we are filling our Magazines, yet the Court declares a steady Resolution of maintaining its Neutrality. Some Foreigners look upon this to be Artifice; but the gravest of our Politicians easily reconcile it. Our Court, say they, foresees that the Spaniards will speedily be forced to take Shelter here, and provides therefore for their Reception. A Vessel lately appeared on our Coast from the Levant, but she was refused Entrance, because it was known that she had thrown over two dead Bodies in her Passage.

Bologna, October 8. Early on the 2d of this Month Prince Lobkowitz began his March, on the Night of the 3d he enter'd the Territories of this City, and took up his Quarters in the Convent of Certosa; on the 4th he removed his Head-Quarters to St. Michael in Bosco, but the Hussars, and Irregular Troops, are advanced as far as Imola. His Highness has determined to rid himself of the Miquelets, who, after deserting from the Spaniards, had committed an infinite Number of scandalous Actions, by which they have discredited the Queen of Hungary's Troops; and some of them have been of late guilty of such Insolencies, that his Highness has ordered them to be confined in the Convent of Certosa, with a Resolution to bring them to exemplary Punishment. As for the Spanish Army, they remain as quiet as can be in their Quarters at Rimini; but have actually sent two Detachments, one to Civita Castellana, and the other to Orbitello, in order to bring up their Artillery.

Copenhagen, October 19. The Princess Louisa of England, after her Arrival, is to lodge the first Night at the Palace of Fridericksberg, about a Quarter of a Mile off. The next Day she is to be conducted from thence into this City with the Ceremony of a Publick Entry, for which great Preparations are making.

Vienna, October 12. The Marquis de Botta will speedily return hither, in order to undergo an Examination before certain Commissioners, appointed by the Queen, to hear the Proofs which are alledged in Relation to his being concern'd with the Conspirators in Russia; which Affair becomes extremely serious, since the Czarina's Manifesto charges him with not only having a Part in, but being the Principal Contriver of that most detestable Project. All our Recruits are in such Forwardness, that it is believed every Regiment in the Service will be complete by the First of March next.

On the 9th of this Month the Queen, with her Spouse the Grand Duke of Tuscany, went from hence, very early in the Morning, with a very small Retinue, to Mannerstorf, the Seat of the Countess Dowager de Fuchs, Grand Mistress of the Household to her Majesty. The Queen and Grand Duke dined there. On the 10th her Majesty and the Grand Duke went to Trautmanstorf, where they were received under a general Discharge of the Cannon of the Place. Lieutenant-General Count de Windischgratz, to whom that Palace belongs, had the Honour to entertain them at Dinner, and, in the Afternoon, they walked in the Gardens. In the Evening there was a Comedy, after that very fine Fireworks, and when these were over, a most magnificent Supper. About Ten at Night her Majesty, and his Highness, set out again for Mannerstorf; from whence they are expected here this Afternoon. There have been for these

five or six Days past, considerable Detachments of Hungarian Recruits passing by this City, in order to join the Army upon the Rhine. Orders have been actually issued for levying 8000 Hussars, who are to join the Army before Spring. Prince Charles of Lorrain is to leave the Army upon the 20th, in order to repair to Brussels, where he is to remain about three Weeks, and then to come hither, in order to the Celebration of his Marriage with the Archduchess Mary-Anne.

Berlin, October 15. M. Voltaire, who was to have returned to Paris by the Way of the Hague, and who lately received Orders to return by that of Brussels, set out from hence the Day before Yesterday. He went on the 15th to take Leave of the King, who spoke to him very graciously; and sent him the same Day, by Baron Keyserling, his Adjutant-General, a Gold Box, full of Gold Medals of his Majesty; and a Letter at the Bottom, in the King's own Hand, conceived in the most affectionate Terms possible. The Marquis de Botta sets out for Vienna To-morrow, having taken Leave of his Majesty by Letter. It is said he has written an Apology, in Defence of his own Conduct, which will be very speedily published.

Frankfort, October 20. The Emperor is again very ill of the Gout, and laid up. The Affair of the Mediation of the Empire, in order to restore a good Intelligence between the Houses of Bavaria and Austria, is totally destroyed; since the Queen of Hungary has declared, That she cannot possibly accept of any such Mediation, since it is utterly irreconcilable with the Resolution of the Dyet of the Empire, of the eleventh of January, 1732. concerning the Indivisibility of the Dominions of the House of Austria, and the Guaranty of the Pragmatick Sanction; from which Guaranty she was absolutely resolved never to depart. Which Declaration she has likewise made to most of the Courts in Germany.

Hague, October 25. By Advices from Menz of the 21st Instant, we hear, that the Winter Quarters of the Confederate Army are regulated in the following manner.

The English, in Bruges, Ghent, Ostend, and Brussels.

The Dutch, in Mons, Ath, Charleroy, Oudenarde, and Courtrai.

The Austrians, in the Duchy of Luxemburg.

The Hanoverians, in Ruremonde, Tirimont, Antwerp, Lier, and along the Diemer.

The Hessians, in Mechlin, Louvain, and Vilvorde.

Paris, October 21. We were sensible enough, that the last Courier from the Army of Don Philip, had brought none of the best News; but we are able to give but an indifferent Account, even at this Distance of Time (for it is now 48 Hours since he arrived) of the Contents of his Dispatches. All we can say with Certainty is, that the following is Part of an exact Copy of a Letter from M. de Courten, an Officer of Rank in our Army.

—From a Cottage near Chenal, October 9.

Nothing would serve the wife Spanish Dons but attempting a Passage into Piedmont at a Season of the Year, when no-body, that had not run from the Gallows, would have gone thither in Time of Peace. Our Troops were under their Command, and most excellent Use they have made of them. Upon the 5th we attack'd a little Fort about three Miles from hence, which we carried after a mighty slight Resistance; and soon after a Horn Work at the Head of a Bridge. The Barbets behaved a little better here, but did not come up to the Character we had of them. We pass'd the Rivulet, and then we had the Enemy's Lines in View. The Spanish Generals thought of nothing but forcing them, and on the 6th and 7th Dispositions were made for that Purpose. On the 8th we attacked them, the Infant Don Philip commanding in Person. It was, however, a mighty idle Affair; 500 Men in their Works, and with their Artillery, might have stopp'd us for half a Campaign; and there were 5000 Piedmontese Foot, who, after they had torn us sufficiently with their Cannon, thought fit to spring a Mine, which destroy'd a Part of their Works; upon which the Spaniards concluded their Business done, and began to crowd after the retiring Enemy, who suddenly faced about, and flunking us at the same time with 17 Pieces of heavy Artillery, soon broke the Spaniards, overturn'd a Brigade of our Foot, and effectually cur'd us of the Passion of going any farther. The Marquis de la Fosse is dangerously wounded, and I have received a Shot in the Thigh, which I hope will prove only a Fleish Wound. We have two Lieutenant-Colonels killed, about 13 Field Officers wounded, and about 6 or 700 Men. As to the Loss of the Spaniards, I can say nothing to it. They

are now in a Hurry to get back to Savoy, and we are to take Quarters in Dauphigny. It began to snow last Night, and it is already ten Inches thick, so you may judge of our Condition, &c.

## HOME PORTS.

Dover, October 17. Wind E. Came in the Middleburgh Packet, Newson, and the Hollow Oak, Ellithorn, both for Hull; the Friendship, Trickling, for Yarmouth; the Speedwell, Lawes, and the Philip and Mary, Granger, both for Scarborough; and five Sail of Light Colliers, bound home, who all failed the 15th Instant. Also came in the Spanish Prize, Swan, from Chester for Dunkirk. Also remains the Neptune, Froud, for Amsterdam; the Adventure, Brooke, for Rotterdam; and the Elizabeth and Catherine, Oliverfon, for Norway.

Deal, October 16. Wind E. N. E. No Ship in the Downs.

## Arrived

At Smyrna, the Thames, Marchant, from London.  
At Faro, the Mary, Maggison, from ditto.

## L O N D O N.

General Brown set out from Menz on the 18th of October, N. S. for Bavaria, in order to take upon him the Command of the Troops that are to march from thence into Italy.

The French Garison of Ingoldstadt have actually pass'd the Necca, and were to pass the Rhine at Fort Lewis on the 25th, pursuant to their Capitulation.

Col. Menzel is so ill at Deux Ponts that his Life is despair'd of; and he actually received extreme Unction on the 17th of October, N. S.

Yesterday Morning a Hosier's Shop, in New-street, Covent-Garden, was broke open, and robb'd of a large Quantity of Stockings, &c.

The same Day being the Annual Meeting of the College of Physicians, Dr. Banks spoke the Herveyan Oration before that Learned Body, and divers other Persons of Distinction.

Last Sunday died, at Mr. Maxey's, an Apothecary, in Fleet-street, Mrs. Ayley, a Maiden Lady of a considerable Estate.

Yesterday died, at his Lodgings in Scotland-yard, in an advanced Age, ——— Van Blackwell, Esq. who was Tailor to King William III.

Last Friday Night the Wife of Mr. Well, a Fisherman, who lived in a little Island opposite Brentford (commonly called Brentford Eight) being disorder'd in her Senses, drowned herself.

Last Saturday as Charles Castleton, Esq. one of the Surveyors of the Custom-House belonging to the Port of London, was coming up Blackwall Reach, the Boat, by a Squall of Wind, overfet. Mr. Castleton twice got on the Keel of the Boat, from whence one of his Watermen took him on his Shoulders, and by the Assistance of a Collier's Boat, and another from Blackwall, they were all happily preserved.

To-morrow the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor will hold the Second General Seal before Michaelmas-Term, at Lincoln's-Inn Hall.

Yesterday their Graces the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough set out from their House in Piccadilly, for his Grace's Seat at Langley in Berkshire.

The same Day his Grace the Duke of Richmond paid his Compliments to their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, at Carlton-House, and was very graciously received. His Grace afterwards gave a grand Entertainment to several of the Nobility, and other Persons of Distinction, at his House in Privy-garden.

Yesterday Amelia Waters, Elizabeth Smith, Elizabeth Rose, and Anne Rush, were committed to the London Workhouse by Sir John Barnard, for being common Street-Walkers, and endeavouring to pick up Men in Fleetstreet between Twelve and One o'Clock on Tuesday Morning.

The several advantageous and cheap Methods, by which the Tickets, and Shores, in the present State-Lottery, are sold at Lowe and Berry's, give the greatest Satisfaction to the Town in general; as does also the Convenience of their Office, which is situate, free from the Noise of the Publick Streets, in Stationers-Alley, near Ludgate-street, that almost all Persons covet to register their Tickets with, or purchase Shares of them; as they are certain of having their Business transacted with the greatest Exactness, and being paid as soon as drawn; and as their Office has been for many Years, noted for the several large Prizes sold, shar'd, or register'd there.

N. B. The Office will be kept open every Evening till Eight o'Clock, for the Convenience of the Publick.





Joseph Hawes, of Great Yarmouth in the County of Norfolk, Rope-Maker and Twine-Spinner.  
John Todd, of Tunbridge Wells in the County of Sussex, Vintner, Innholder, and Chapman.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	00 00	40 16

Bank Stock, 146 1-half. India, 194 to 193 1-half. South Sea, 113 1-4th. Old Annuity, 115 3-4ths. New ditto, 114 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 102 3-4ths. Ditto 1743, 102 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, 78 3-4ths. Royal Assurance, 80. London Assurance, 11 7-8ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 18 s. to 19 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 2 l. 17 s. 6d. to 3 l. Prem. Salt Tallow, 103. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 104 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto, 98 1-8th. Million Bank, 119. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 9 s. 6d. to 8 s. 6d.

Admiralty-Office, October 15, 1743.

**T**HE Leave of Absence given to the Petty Officers and Foremast-men belonging to his Majesty's Ship the Monmouth, having expired on the 12th Instant, it is the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that the said Men do immediately repair to their Duty on board that Ship at Chatham; and if any of them fail to do so, the Marshal of the Admiralty will be directed to apprehend them, in order to their being tried at a Court Martial as Deserters.

Tho. Corbett.

Admiralty Office, October 17, 1743.

**T**HE Leave of Absence given to the Petty Officers and Foremast-men belonging to his Majesty's Ship the Burford, expiring on the 20th Instant, it is the Direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that the said Men do, immediately after the Expiration of that Time, repair to their Duty on board the said Ship at Portsmouth; but if any of them fail to do so, the Marshal of the Admiralty will be directed to apprehend them, in order to their being tried at a Court Martial as Deserters.

Tho. Corbett.

**This Day is Published,**

By B—— C——, in Pater-noster Row.  
(Price 6d. Plain, or 1 s. Colour'd.)

**A New Print of the H——v——n**  
Confectioner-General, setting forth his Desert before the White Horse-Knights. With a new Catch sung in the Camp by the British Soldiers.

**This Day is Published,**  
(Price One Shilling)

**Publick Discontent Accounted for, from**  
the Conduct of our Ministers in the Cabinet, and of our Generals in the Field. Wherein proper Observations are made on the late Ministerial Apology, intituled, *Faithful Detested &c.*

To which is added, by Way of Appendix, The Convention between Queen Anne and the Elector of Hanover, in 1702, for Mercenaries; by which it appears, from the Calculations in this Work, that 206,266 l. Sterling might be saved to the Nation, in the late Bargain for 16,000 Hanoverians.  
*Quicquid delirant Reges, plebs insensur accipit.*  
*Quem vocat Divum populus ruentis*  
*Imperi rebus* ——— Hon.

Printed for B. Cowfe in Pater-noster Row.

**This Day is Publish'd,**

Beautifully printed in Four Volumes, Octavo, corrected by the Author,

The SECOND EDITION of  
**THE Works of TACITUS**, translated  
into ENGLISH. To which are prefixed several large Discourses upon Julius Caesar, Augustus, and their Successors, and their Arts of Government, upon Governments, Free and Arbitrary, upon Courts, Armies, and Conquests, upon Princes, Ministers, Nobility, and People; upon publick Frugality, upon Teaching and Teachers; upon the State of the Romans under the Emperors, the Debalement and Misery of that great People, its Causes, &c.

By THOMAS GORDON, Esq.

Printed for J. Osborn, at the Golden Ball in Pater-noster-Row.

Where may be had, just published,  
I. *The Independent Whig; or, A Defence of Primitive Christianity, and of our Ecclesiastical Establishment, against the exorbitant Claims of Fanatical and Dissaffected Clergymen.* The Sixth Edition, with Additions and Amendments. In Three Volumes. The Third Volume may be had alone, to complete Gentlemen's Sets.

II. *Caro's Letters; or, Essays on Liberty, Civil and Religious, and other important Subjects.* The Fourth Edition, in 4 Vols. 12mo.

**THE Reign of DAVID the King of Scotland**, containing various Conjectures, Digressions, and Disquisitions. In which (among other Things) Mr. Bayle's Criticisms upon the Conduct and Character of that Prince, are fully considered. In Three Volumes. By the Author of *Revelation examin'd with Candour*. Price 12 s.

2. *Reflections upon Polygamy, and the Enticement given to that Practice in the Scriptures of the Old Testament.* By Phileleutherus Dublinensis. With a Preface, in which the main Objection against the Work is obviated, and the Author's Views in publishing it at this Time accounted for. Price in Sheets 2 s.

3. *The History of the Troubles of Great Britain: Containing a Particular Account of the most remarkable Passages in Scotland, from the Year 1633 to 1650. With an exact Relation of the Wars carried on, and Battles fought, by the Marquis of Montrose. (All which are omitted in the Earl of Clarendon's History.)* Also a full Account of the Transactions in England during that Time. Written in French by Robert Montrose of Salinotou. To which is added, The true Causes and favourable Conjectures which contributed to the Restoration of King Charles II. Written in French by D. Riordan de Mufery. Translated into English by Capt. James Ogilvie. in Folio.

4. *The Negotiations of Sir THOMAS ROSE, in his Embassy to the Ottoman Porte, from the Year 1621, to 1628, inclusive; completing his said Embassy, and containing, a great Variety of Curious and Important Matters, relating not only to the Affairs of the Turkish Empire, but also to those of the other States of Europe, in that Period.*

His Correspondences with the most illustrious Persons, for Dignity or Character; as with the Queen of Bohemia, Bethlem Gabor Prince of Transylvania, and other Potentates of different Nations, &c.

And many Useful and Instructive Particulars, as well in relation to Trade and Commerce, as to Subjects of Literature, as Ancient Manuscripts, Coins, Inscriptions, and other Antiquities.

5. *The Principles of Painting, under the Heads of Anatomy, Altitude, Accident, Architecture, Composition, Colour obscure, Contrast, Colouring, Design, Disposition, Draperies, Expression, Harmony, History, Invention, Landskip, Lights, Proportion, Passion, Pourtraiture, Sculpture, Style, Truth, Unity, &c.* In which is contained an Account of the Athenian, Roman, Flemish, and Venetian Schools.

To which is added, The Balance of Painters; being the Names of the most noted Painters, and their Degrees of Perfection in the four principal Parts of their Art.—Of singular Use to those who would form an Idea of the Value of Paintings and Pictures.

Written originally in French by Mons. Du Piles, Author of the Lives of the Painters; and now first translated into English by a Painter.

6. *Aesop's Fables: With Instructive Morals and Reflections, abstracted from all Party Considerations, adapted to all Capacities, and design'd to promote Religion, Morality, and Universal Benevolence: Containing 240 Fables, with a Cut engrav'd on Copper to each Fable. And the Life of Aesop prefixed.*

7. *Annuities on Lives, and for Limited Terms of Years, considered: Being Observations on what hath been lately advanced by divers Authors, tending to depreciate the Value of Estates on those Tenures. To which is added, A Supplement to the Gentleman's Steward and Tenant of Manors Illustrated.* By John Richards, of Essex.

8. *A Treatise of the Education and Learning proper for the Different Capacities of Youth; founded on the Principles of Natural Philosophy: Whereby all Parents, Tutors, and Governors of Youth may be informed what Sort of Learning best suits with each Genius. Principally extracted from the *Examen de Ingenio* of the famous Spaniard Dr. John Huartes. Price bound 2 s.*

9. *The Matrimonial Mirror. Instructing all those who intend to enter into the Holy State of Wedlock; and Reminding all those who have enter'd into it, of their respective Duties.*

Extracted from the *Sacred Scriptures*, and from the *Matrimonial Office* in the Book of *Common Prayer*; As a proper Present to be made by the Minister to the Contracting Parties at their Marriage; or to those who are married, by either to the Other; in order, if they think fit, to be always carried about them; or, to be put in a Frame, and hung up in the Gentleman's private Closet, and in the Lady's Dressing-room, next the Glass.

*He that getteth a Wife, beginneth a Possession, a Help like unto himself, and a Pillar of Rest.*

Eccus. xxxvi. 24.

10. *Fore-warn'd Fore-armed: Or, The Bachelor's Monitor. Being a Modest Estimate of the Expences attending the Married Life. With a Curious Copper-Plate, Design'd and Engrav'd by Gravelot, representing the Temple of Hymen.*

11. *The Lady's Advocate; or, An Apology for Matrimony. In Answer to the Bachelor's Monitor. With a Curious Copper-Plate, Design'd and Engrav'd by Gravelot.*

12. *The Apprentice's Vade Mecum: Or, Young Man's Pocket-Companion. In Three Parts.*

Part I. Containing useful Comments and Observations on the Covenants entered into between Master and Servant, by way of *Indenture*; wherein that wise Obligation is considered Article by Article. With some occasional Remarks on Play-houses.

Part II. Containing general Rules and Directions for a young Man's Behaviour in his Apprenticeship. Familiarly address'd to the Youth himself.

Part III. Some brief Cautions to a young Man against the Scepticism and Infidelity of the present Age, which infect the Minds, and debase the Morals of the Youth of this Kingdom: Wherein the essential Principles of Christianity are laid down and vindicated in so intelligent and forcible a Manner, as may serve for a Preservative against the contagious Infidelity of the present Age, and enable a young Man to give a Reason for his Faith.

Address'd to the Right Worshipful the Chamberlain of London.

The Whole calculated for the mutual Ease and Benefit both of Master and Servant; and recommended to the serious Consideration of all Parents, &c. who have Children that they design to put out Apprentice.

Exchange, Cornhill.

**MR. BAYLE's Dictionary, Historical**  
and Critical. The Second Edition, carefully collated with the several Editions of the Original. In which many Passages are restored, and the Whole greatly augmented particularly with a Translation of the Quotations from eminent Writers in various Languages. To which is prefix'd the Life of the Author, revised, corrected, and enlarged, by M. De Maizeaux, F. R. S.

Gentlemen that want single Numbers to complete their Sets, may be supplied with them; or if they have the first Numbers in dispose of, may have the full Value for them.

II. The same Work in Large Paper.

III. BAYLE's Miscellaneous Reflections, occasioned by the Comet which appeared in December, 1680. chiefly intended to explode Popular Superstitions. 2 Vols. 8vo.

IV. BAYLE's Philosophical Commentary on these Words of the Gospel, *Compel them to come in, that my House may be full.* 2 Vols. 8vo. In which all the Arguments for Persecution are refuted.

**V. PHOENIX BRITANNICUS:**

Being a Miscellaneous Collection of Tracts, Historical, Political, Biographical, Seditious, Critical, &c. which are no where to be found but in the Closets of the Curious. Interperfed with choice Pieces from Original Manuscripts. Collected by J. MORCAY, Gent. Formerly Published in Six Parts, now collected into One Volume, with a complete Index to the Whole.

This Volume consists of above Seventy scarce and curious TRACTS; among which are contain'd,

1. A Sermon no less fruitful than famous, by Wickliffe, 1381.

2. The wonderful Year, 1603.

3. A Narrative of the Proceedings at Winchester, where the Lord Cobham, Lord Gray, and Sir Griffin Markham, all attainted of High Treason, were ready to be executed on the 29th of December, 1603. With his Majesty's Warrant for suspending their Execution.

4. A short View of the long Life and Reign of Henry III. By Sir Robert Cotton.

5. The Danger wherein the Kingdom now standeth, and the Remedy. By the same Hand. 1628.

6. *Vox Civitatis; or, London's Complaint.* 1625.

7. Protest of the House of Commons (in 1604) against certain Infringements of the Court, &c. MS.

8. Remarkable Passages which occurred from the Meeting of the Parliament the 23d of January 1657, to their Dissolution. Also a List of their Names who sat in the other House, so greatly design'd for a House of Lords; with a brief Description of their Merits and Deserts.

9. A most notable Speech concerning the other House March 1659.

10. Valour anatomiz'd in a Fancy. By Sir Philip Sidney, 1581.

11. The Last Will of George Fox.

12. William Lithgow's Account of his inhuman Racking by the Spaniards at Malaga in 1620.

13. Count Gondomar's Transactions, during his Embassy in England. Two Parts, 1630 and 1634.

14. A true and exact Narration of the miraculous Deliverance of Anna Green: Who, being executed at Oxford the 4th of December 1650, afterwards revived. Together with the Manner of her suffering, and the particular Means used for her Recovery.

15. A Declaration of the Life, Treasons, and Execution of Dr. John Story, 1571.

16. Sir Walter Raleigh's Ghost. M. S. 1622.

17. The Anatomy of the English Nunnery at Litch. 1622.

18. The Life of Henry Welsby, who liv'd at his House in Grubstreet 44 Years, and in that Space was never seen by any. And there died the 29th of October 1636, aged 84.

19. A true Historical Relation of King Richard the 3d's wonder working Parliament.

20. The End and Confession of John Felton; also of Thomas and Christopher Norton, executed 1570.

21. The Fatal Vesper, the 26th of October, 1623.

22. Robert Earl of Essex's Ghost, 1624.

23. Confessions, &c. of Edmond Campion, and other condemned Priests, 1582.

24. A Record of some worthy Proceedings in the House of Commons, 1611.

25. A Narrative of Anne Jefferies, who was fed 6 Months by Fairies.

26. A Declaration of the Causes, moving the Queen of England to give Aid to the Defence of the People afflicted and oppressed, in the Low Countries, 1585.

27. A Declaration of the King's Majesty's Intention and Meaning toward the late Actis of Parliament. Edinburgh, 1501.

NB. Gentlemen possessed of any Part of this Work may have the Remainder to complete the Volume.

**VI. A New Method of IMPROVING cold, wet, and barren LANDS, particularly Clayey Grounds.**

(Illustrated with Eight Copper-Plates, exhibiting the Figures of the Instruments necessary for these New Improvements.)

Price 2 s. 6 d.

— Sed famam extendere facili  
Hoc virtutis opus. — Vind.

This Treatise contains, 1. The best Methods of draining wet Lands, either arising from their Situation or Springs.

2. Directions for burning Turf, Mole-hills, and Clay, for the Improvement of such Lands.

3. The many Advantages that arise from boggy Grounds by turning them into Plantations, according to the Nature of the Soil, and Situation of the Place.

4. Directions for making of Fishponds and Ditches for feeding or breeding of Fish, and carrying off the Water.

5. The Method of burning barren Land in North Britain.

6. How to ascertain the Value of Hilly Grounds, a Thing extremely useful to Landlord and Tenant.

7. Directions for making Gardens in clayey Grounds, and a certain Method of improving Fruit-trees.

L O N D O N: Printed for M. COOPER, at the Globe in Pater-Noster-Row,